

Practical Activities to Engage the College Ready and Non-College Ready Students

Dr. Deeanna Antosh
Instructor, Blinn College
Deeanna.Antosh@blinn.edu

Intro

Why

How

What

Who

Outline





Why:

Everything should be made as simple as possible but not simpler.

Albert Einstein

- Learning is non- linear.
- Every person moves forward, not everyone reaches same point.
- Stretch their thinking.
- Empower students to see themselves as innovators who take responsibility for their own learning.
- If only using technology to access what is in textbooks, computers are \$1,000 pencils.

Couros, G. (2015)



Why: Formative assessment with Smaller Learning Goals

Bridge between teaching and learning - only through some kind of assessment process can we decide whether instruction has had its intended effect.

William, D. (2014)

Organize into smaller learning goals --an organizational strategy that itself promotes self-efficacy.

(Wolters & Hoops, 2015)



Why: Deep Learning

Critical components of deep learning:

1. Facts are **integrated**, rather than learned piecemeal;
2. Explanatory concepts are **organized** by schemas, models, or principles;
3. Procedures are **practiced/automatized and contextualized** (i.e., as to how, why, and when to apply them);
4. **Specific** cognitive and metacognitive strategies are used in learning;
5. Learners have **productive beliefs** about their own capacity to learn.

Mayer (2010, 2011)





How: Icebreakers

- Three Questions:
 - What's your name?
 - What's something interesting/descriptive about you?
 - What's a question you have for me?*
 - Class questions are freebies.
 - It cannot have already been asked/answered.
- \$7.62 at Walmart
- Deserted Island: What do you wish you had?





How: Methods

- **Punctuated Lecture**
 - Break it into segments
 - Ten Minutes (Medina 2014)
- **Guided Note Taking**
 - What to write down? What not to write down?
 - Colors, highlighters, stick figures





How: Cookbook

- **Cookbook**
 - What are we making?
 - Gather ingredients.
 - Follow instructions.
 - Evaluate.
 - What would we do different next time?





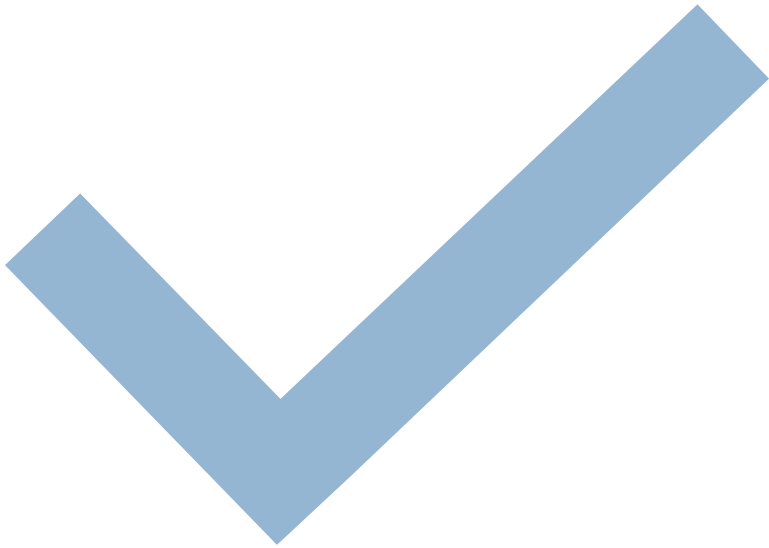
How: Trilogies

- Think - Pair - Share (Major, Harris, & Zakrajsek, 2016)
- Cue - Do - Review
- Reflect - Adapt - Present
- Understanding - Remembering - Applying
- I Do - You Do - We Do
- One for Me, One for You, ...
- Each One, Teach One (Major, Harris, & Zakrajsek, 2016)



How: Games

- Jeopardy (TeachersPayTeachers)
- Speed Dating/Review*
- Kahoot (<https://kahoot.com/>)
- Lecture Bingo*
 - Statistics



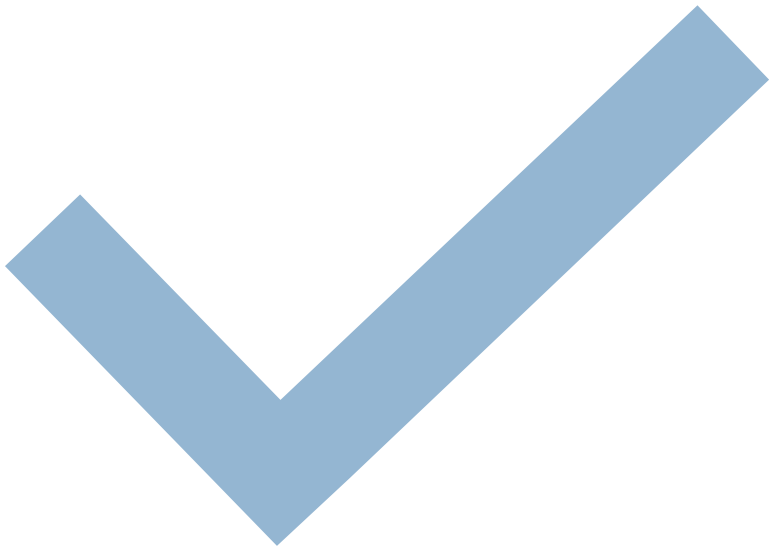


Speed Dating/Review

- Five minutes to work with partner
- One side moves down a seat
- Two minutes
- Move
- Two minutes move
- ...
- Final round: Three minutes
- Class Poll

How: Games

- Visible Classroom Polls
 - Online Texting Survey Tool
 - Quizlet
 - Mentimeter
- Graffiti Boards/One Page Cheat Sheet



School vs Learning by George Couros



- ☆ promotes starting by looking for answers →
- ☆ is about consuming →
- ☆ is about finding information on something prescribed for you →
- ☆ teaches compliance →
- ☆ is scheduled at certain times →
- ☆ often isolates →
- ☆ is standardized →
- ☆ teaches us to obtain information from certain people →
- ☆ is about giving you information →
- ☆ is sequential →
- ☆ promotes surface-level thinking →

@gcouros bit.ly/schoolvslearning



- ☆ promotes starting with questions →
- ☆ is about creating →
- ☆ is about exploring your passions and interests →
- ☆ is about challenging perceived norms →
- ☆ can happen any time, all of the time →
- ☆ is often social →
- ☆ is personal →
- ☆ promotes that everyone is a teacher and everyone is a learner →
- ☆ is about making your own connections →
- ☆ is random and non-linear →
- ☆ is about deep exploration →

@sylvia duckworth

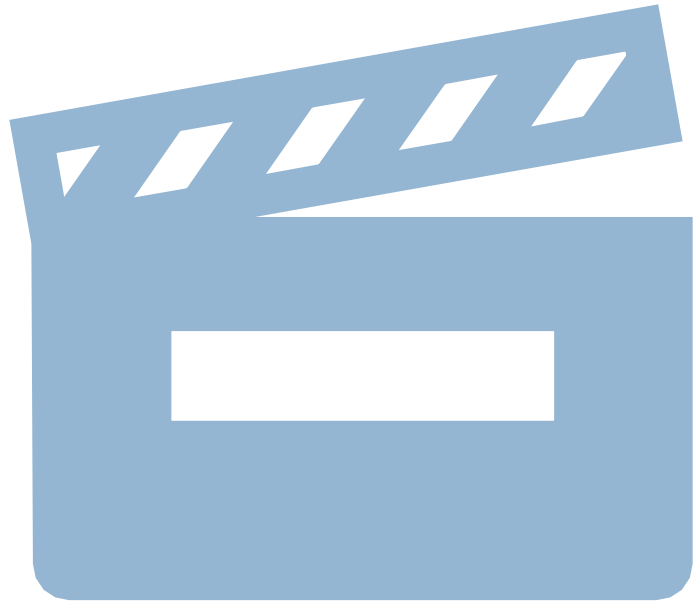




How: Examples

- **Find the Flaw**
 - Present an incorrect “solution”
 - Houston, We Have a Problem
- **In the News**
 - Election results
 - Case studies, Clinical Trials
 - Beat the Lotto
 - Galton Board / Plinko
- **Gallery Walk**
 - Graphing
 - Probability Problems





How: Media Outside Resources

- TED talk mini-s
 - [Pixar: The math behind the movies - Tony DeRose | TED-Ed](#)
- Commercials
 - [Chantix Commercial](#)
- [Pivot - Friends](#)





How: Reflection

- Learning Logs/Journals
- Anonymous Cards
 - Burning questions
- Self Assessment
- Elevator Pitch
- Today I Learned
 - Great beginning of class activity



Obvious to You, Amazing to
Others

(Sivers 2011)

The Dot – Read Aloud

(Reynolds, 2013)

What: Resources

- Teacher Pay Teachers (<https://www.teacherspayteachers.com/>)
- Bingo Card Generator (<https://myfreebingocards.com/bingo-card-generator>)
- Major, C. H., Harris, M. S., & Zakrajsek, T. (2016). *Teaching for Learning: 101 Intentionally Designed Educational Activities to Put Students on the Path to Success*. New York, NY: Taylor & Francis.
- OnCourse workshop Best Practices (<http://oncourseworkshop.com/>)



What: References

- Baker, R. S. J. D., & Inventado, P. S. (2014). Educational data mining and learning analytics. In J. A. Larusson, & B. White (Eds.), *Learning analytics: from research to practice* (pp. 61-75). New York, NY: Springer.
 - https://www.cbpp.org/sites/default/files/atoms/files/2017_higher_ed_8-22-17_final.pdf
- Couros, G. (2015). *The Innovator's Mindset: Empower Learning, Unleash Talent, and Lead a Culture of Creativity*. San Diego, CA: Dave Burgess Consulting, Inc.
- Mayer (2010). *Applying the science of learning*. Upper Saddle River NJ: Pearson.
- Mayer, R.E. (2011). Instruction based on visualizations. In R.E. Mayer and P.A. Alexander (Eds.), *Handbook of research on learning and instruction* (pp. 427-445). New York: Routledge.
- Medina, J. J. (2014) *Brain Rules*. Seattle, WA: Pear Press.
- Reynolds, P. (2013). *The Dot*. Candlewick Press.
- Wiliam, D. (2014). *Formative assessment and contingency in the regulation of learning processes*. London: Institute of Education, University of London.
- Wolters, C. A., & Hoops, L. D. (2015). Self-regulated learning interventions for motivationally disengaged college students. T.E. Cleary (Ed.), *Self-regulated learning interventions with-at-risk youth: Enhancing adaptability, performance, and well-being* (67-88). Washington DC: American Psychological Association.



**IF YOU THINK YOU ARE
“THERE,” YOU ARE ALREADY
FALLING BEHIND.**

(COUROS, 2015)

Deeanna Antosh, Ph.D.
Instructor
Blinn College
979-830-4315
deeanna.antosh@blinn.edu

